

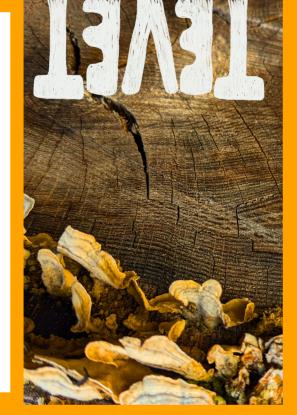
How can we hold onto the light during the dark winter months?

Jewish time aligns Tevet in the middle of the year, whereas the new Gregorian year of 2024 is only just starting. In addition to welcoming the renewal of the Gregorian year, Tevet enters on the tail end of Hanukkah, the Festival of Lights.

This is the sixth
edition of our monthly
zine, which means we are
almost half way through
the Jewish year!

December 13, 2023 to January 10, 2024

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Tevet contains the shortest, darkest day of the year, Tekufat Tevet, the winter solstice.

There are four Tekufot, Hebrew for seasons or cycles, that align with the winter and summer solstices and the autumn and spring equinoxes.

What power can we find in times of darkness?

What power can we find in times of rest?

A midrash connects the month of Tevet with the Leviathan, a powerful mystical sea monster.

A midrash is a form of rabbinical storytelling that uses parables to explain ethical or theological questions or to interpret Jewish scriptures.



"At each winter solstice, Leviathan would raise his head and make himself large and snort in the water and stir it up, and the fear of him would fall on all the fishes in the sea. If this were not so, the small could not stand before the areat."

Otzar haMidrashim, Hashem Bechachmah Yasad Aretz, 6



One interpretation of this midrash holds that the Leviathan represents disruption and change.

How can a new season motivate personal and or community upheaval and change?